

Evolved Expendable Launch Vehicle Program Office

Program Status Briefing



Col Robert K. Saxer
EELV System Program Director

29 Jun 00





Outline

- Program Overview
- Program Status
 - ▶ Delta IV
 - Atlas V
- Restructure Summary

Program Overview Essential Elements of the EELV Mission

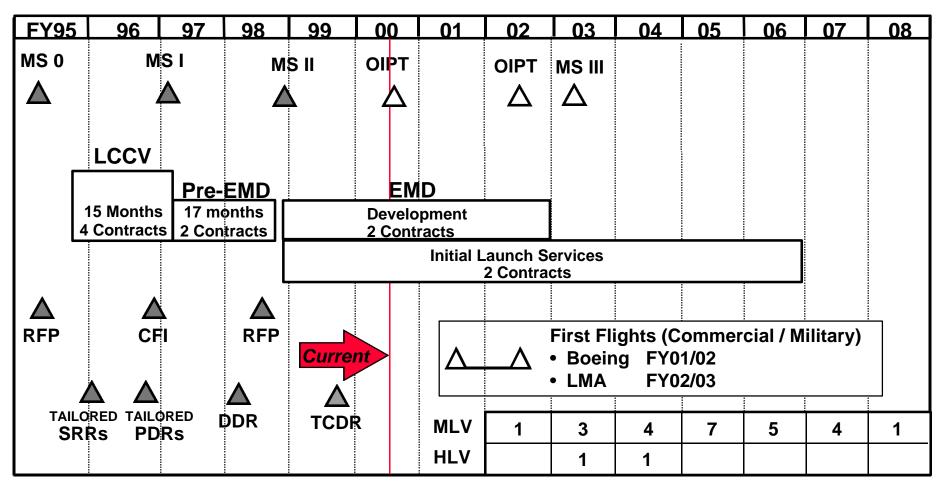
- Partner with industry
- Develop a national launch capability
- Satisfy Government and Commercial payload requirements
- Reduce the cost of space launch by at least 25%

Program Overview ORD KPP Requirements

- Performance:
 - ▶ Mass to Orbit
- Reliability:
 - ▶ Vehicle Design Reliability
- Standardization
 - ▶ Launch Pads
 - ▶ Payload Interfaces

Program Overview

Program Schedule



Pre-EMD - Pre-Engineering & Manufacturing Development

TCDR - Tailored Critical Design Review

RFP - Request for Proposal

CFI - Call For Improvements

MS - Milestone

LCCV - Low Cost Concept Validation

SRR - Systems Requirements Review

PDR - Preliminary Design Review

DDR - Down-select Design Review

Program Overview

Initial Launch Services Split - As of Feb 00

	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08
Boeing \$1.38B 19 Missions	DSCS	DSP A/B-1 DSCS	A/B-4 Mission C WGF	WGF GPS IIF STP(TSX) SBR/MTI	SBIRS-G GPS IIF GPS IIF		
LMA \$0.65B 9 Missions		DMSP	A/B-2 SBIRS-G	DMSP WGF SBIRS-G	GPS IIF GPS IIF	GPS IIF	

DSCS - Defense Satellite Communication System

GPS - Global Positioning System

DSP - Defense Support Program

WGF - Wideband Gap Filler

STP - Space Test Program

SBIRS - Space Based Infra Red Radar System

DMSP - Defense Meteorological Satellite Program

AEHF - Advanced Extremely High Frequency

FY03/04 SBR/MTI (2) - Space Based Radar / Moving Target Indicator missions dual manifested for FY05 launch 6 GPS HF Missions have moved to FY 09 / 10

Missions in RED reflect FY01 PB

Recent Program Activities

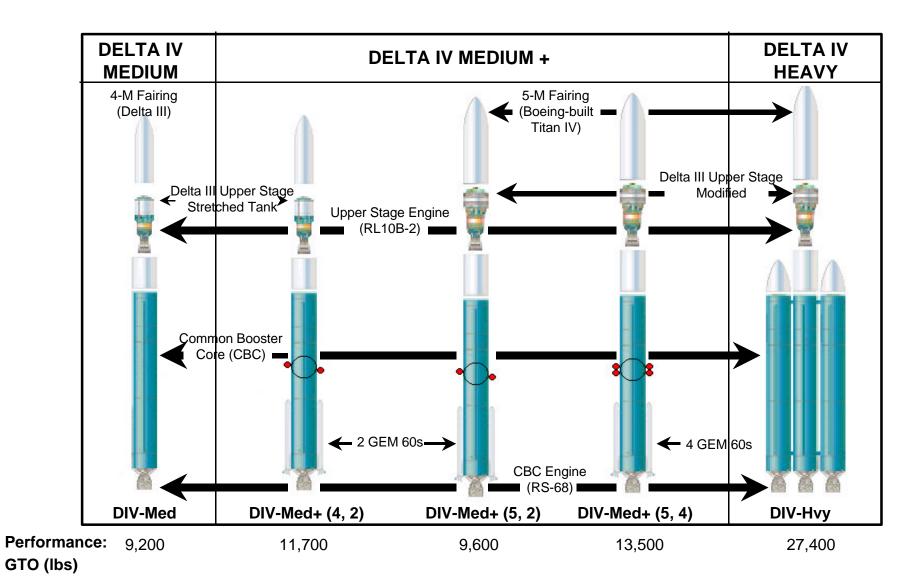
- EELV family expanded to include Solids
 - ▶ SEIS ROD approved 24 May 00
- SIS version 6 in final approval cycle
 - Winner of 1999 Defense Standardization Award for SIS
- Restructure nearing completion
 - ▶ Final contractor settlements in place; Awaiting SECAF / OSD approval
- Atlas IIIA / RD-180 successfully launched
- Mission Integration Proceeding on DSCS, DSP, DMSP, A/B-1, and Mission C
- DSCS Mission Ordered 28 Jun 00

Outline

- Program Overview
- → Program Status
 - ▶ Delta IV
 - Atlas V
- Restructure Summary

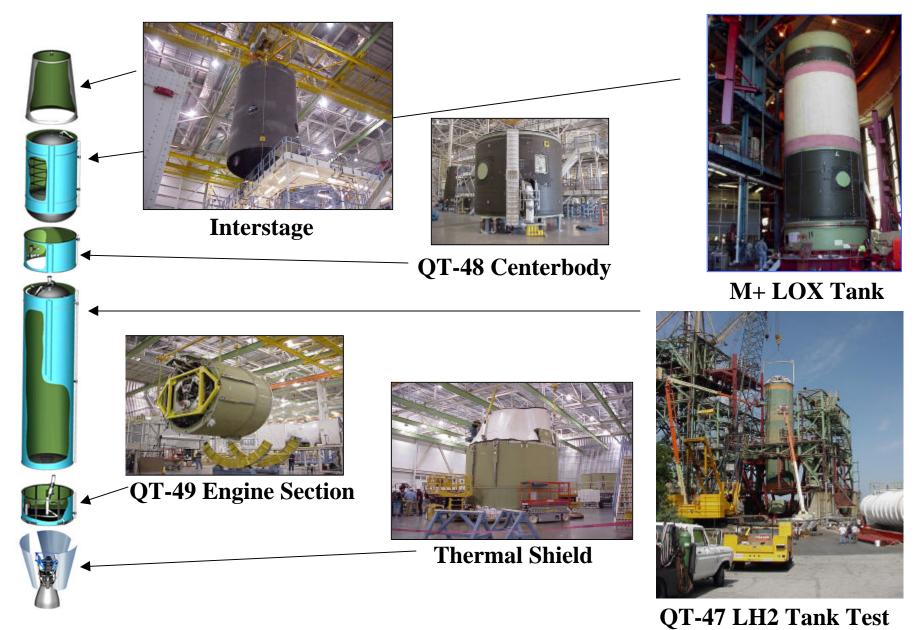
Delta IV

Launch Vehicle Family



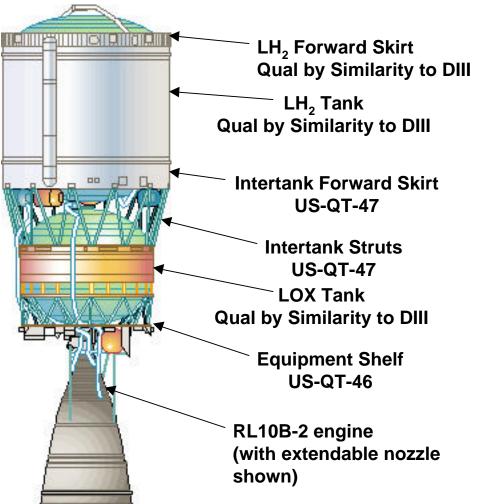
9

CBC Qualification Articles

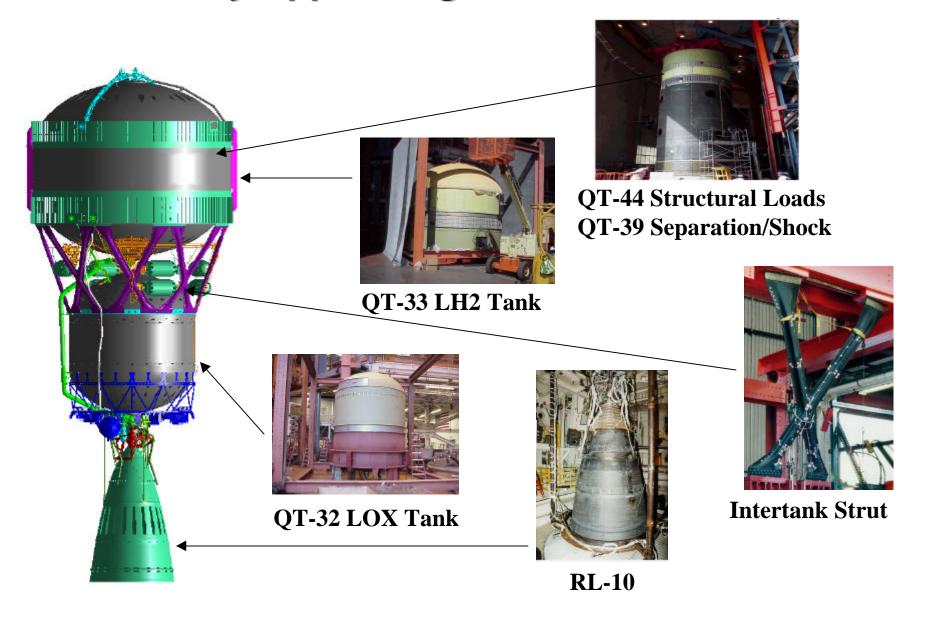


Medium Upper Stage





Heavy Upper Stage Qualification Articles



Payload Accommodations Qualification



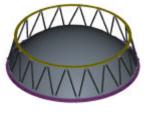
5M Payload Fairing



4m PLF Qualified via D-III



5m PLF QT-03



5m PAF QT-03/12



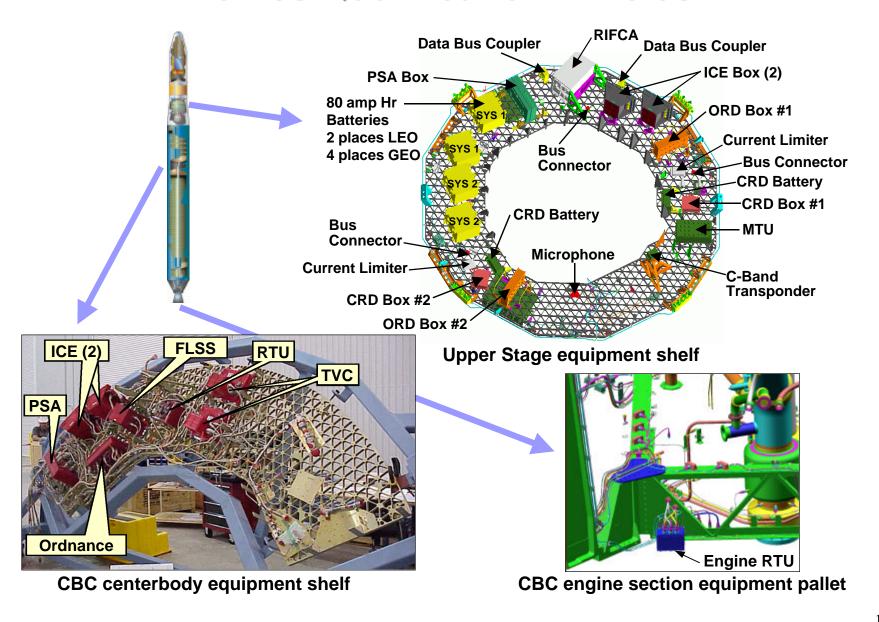


4m PAF QT-01



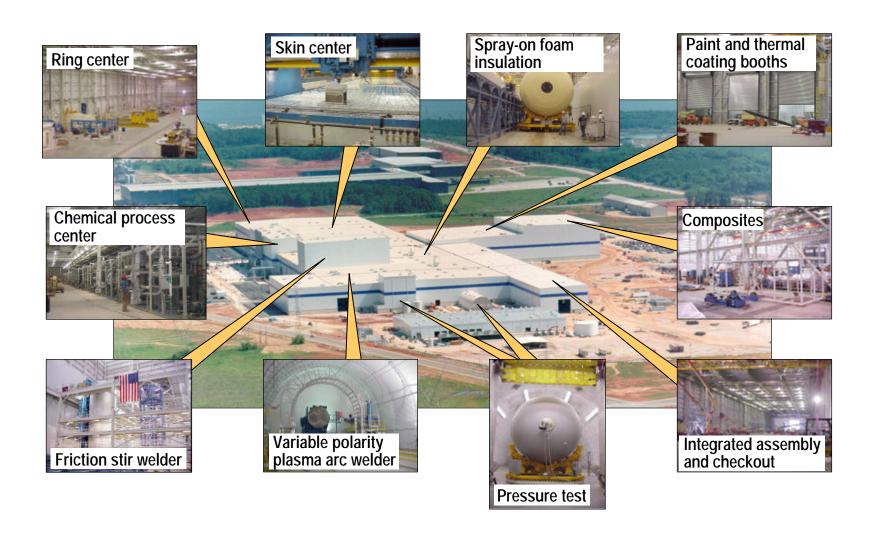
D-IV Medium

Avionics Qualification Articles



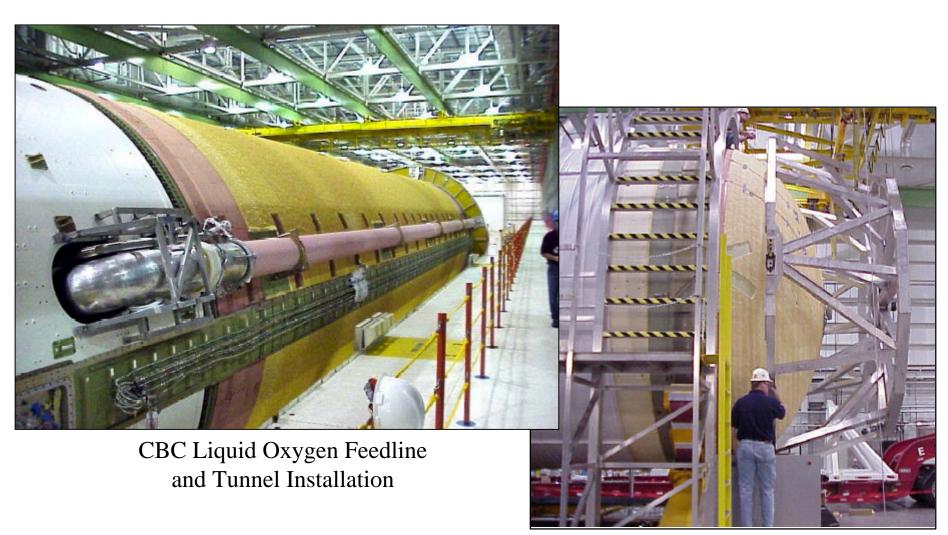
Delta IV

Decatur Operations Facility (Focused Factory)



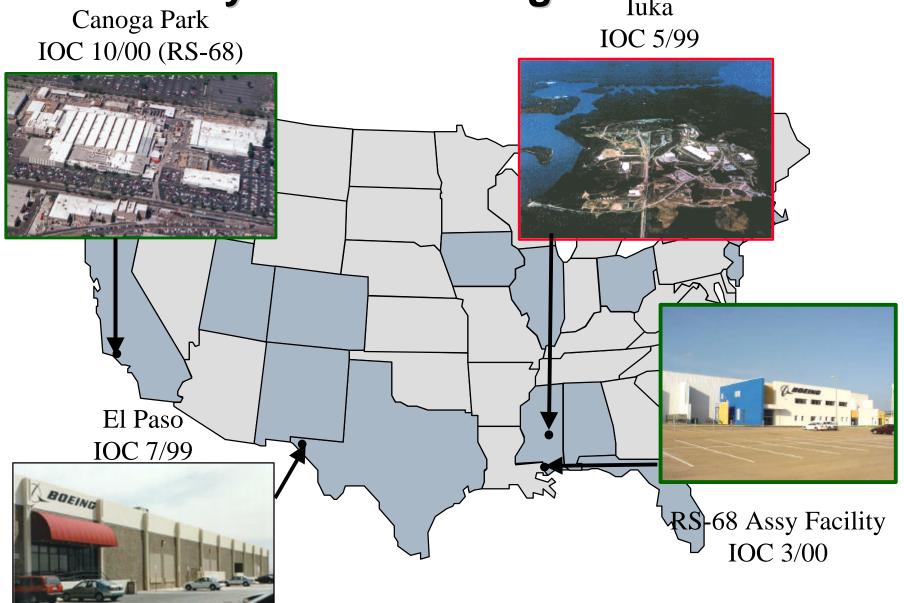
Delta IV

Decatur Operations Facility (Focused Factory)



CBC Liquid Oxygen Tank Shipped for Loads Testing

Key Manufacturing Facilities



Delta IV

RS-68 Engine

Stennis B-1A / B 2 Positions Operational





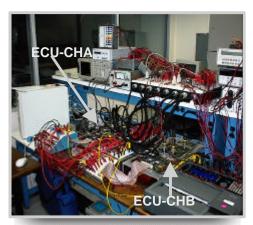
Edwards AFRL 1-A



3000+ Total Secs

100% Power Demonstrated

RS-68 Component Qualification Testing



ECU Software (complete)



Thrust Frame (complete)



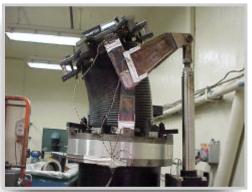
Flex Line Bundle (complete)



Main Duct Flex Sections (Life cycle tests complete)

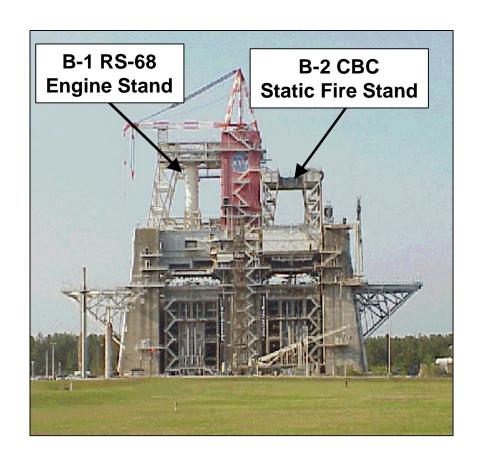


Gimbal Bearing (complete)



Roll Control Flex Joint (complete)

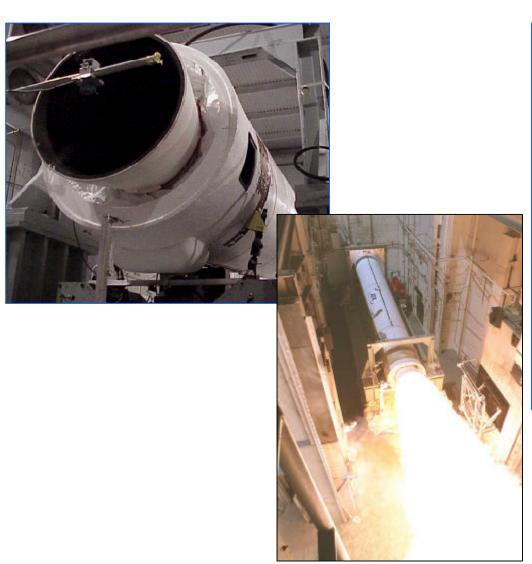
CBC Hot Fire Qualification





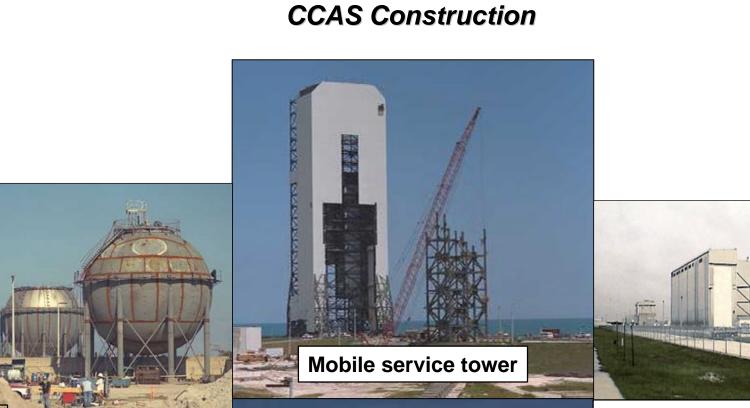
Static Fire Test Unit

GEM 60 Qualification Testing





Delta IV



LH₂ tank

Delta Operations Center

Horizontal Integration Facility Construction

HIF Animal Control Activities

(10 Footer)



Delta IV *EELV Marine Transport Vessel*





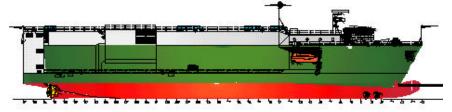


Owner/operator - Seattle, WA



Design architects - Seattle, WA

Ship builder -Pascagoula MS



SLC - 6 / VAFB

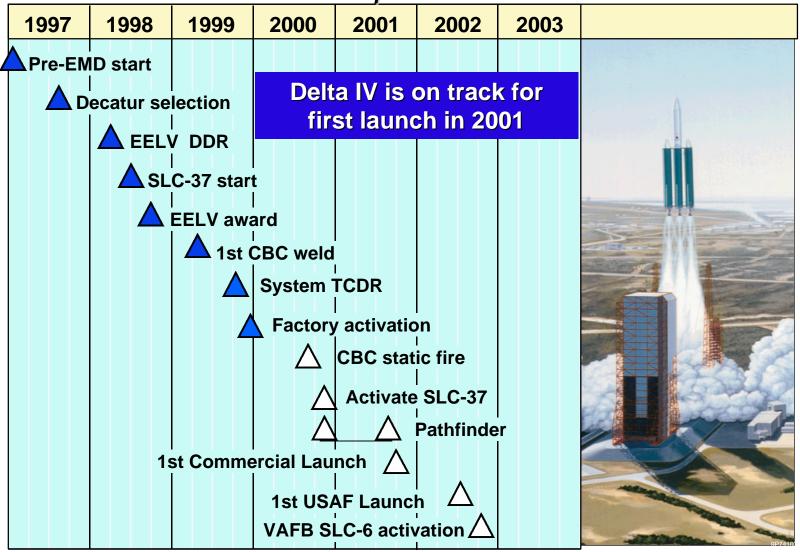


IOC 6/02

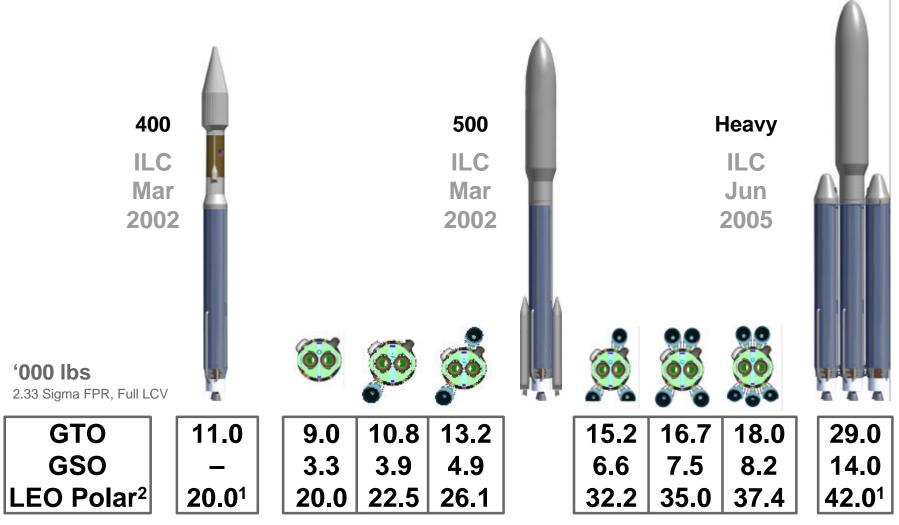
SLC-6 Delta Operations Center

Delta IV

Development Schedule



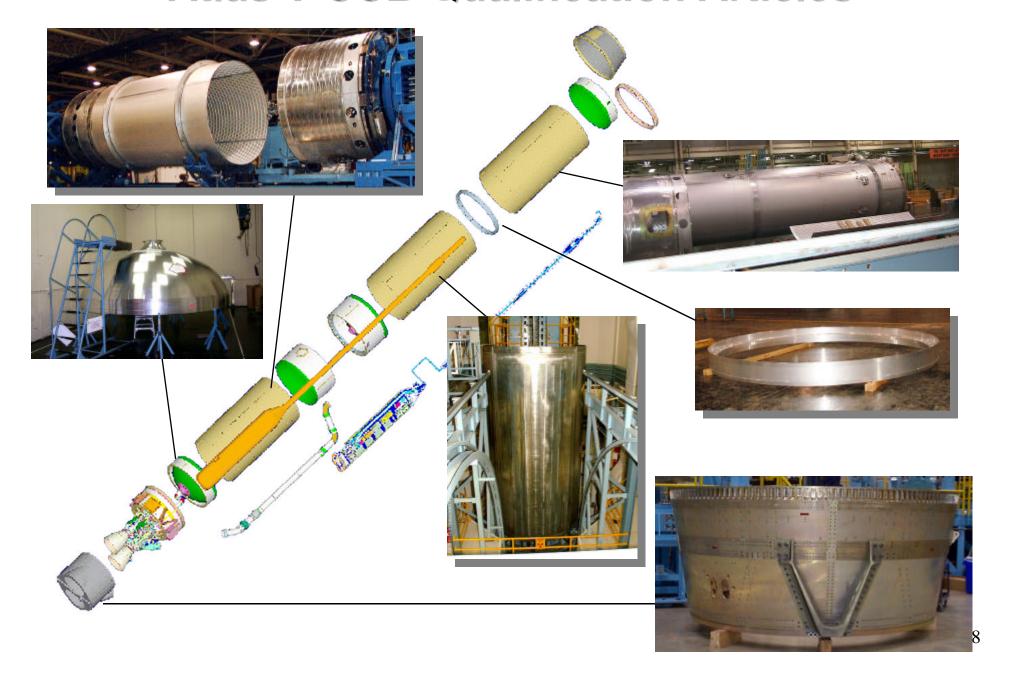
Atlas V
System Capability



^{1 -} Additional Capability with Mission Unique Accommodations up to 23,700lb on 402, 53,000 on HLV

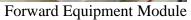
^{2 -} DEC except HLV

Atlas V CCB Qualification Articles



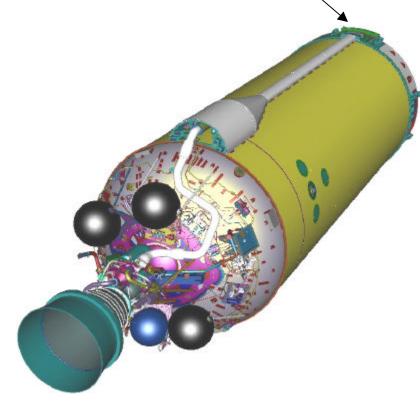
Centaur Upper Stage













First Stretched Centaur

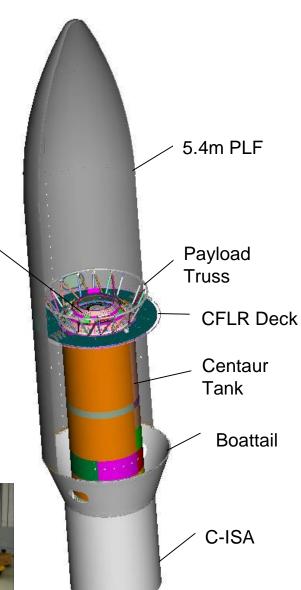
Fairings and Adapters



Fwd Conical Adapter

Centaur Forward Adapter

C-ISA Shipping Dolly



Proven design is basis for Contraves 5.4m Fairing



C-ISA (Short)



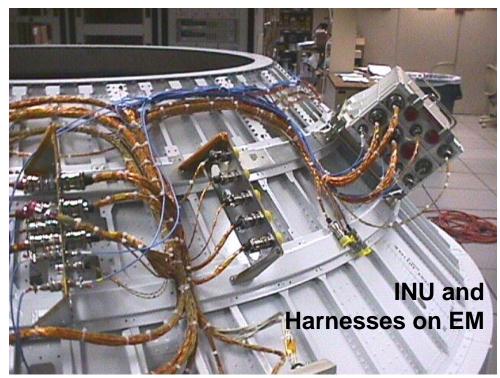
Extended Payload Fairing (EPF)



Heritage Long Payload Fairing (LPF)



Avionics Qualification Articles





ORCA Test Set RRGU Test Set



BRCU brass board commanding RD180 actuator

BRCU Test Set

Extended Enterprise



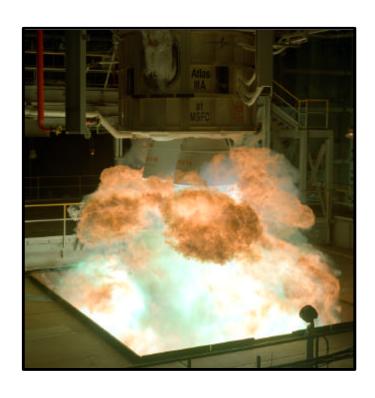
Common Core Booster



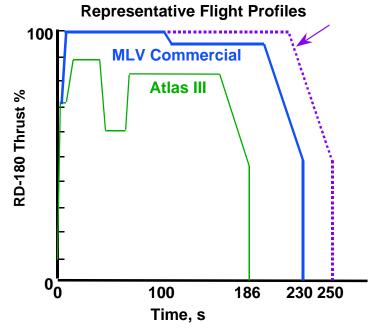
LOX Qual Tank Testing Begun 2Q 2000



RD-180



	No. of Tests	Total Test Duration	
Total to Date	107	17,722 s	
Number of tests at III Certification	86	13,902 s	





Atlas III / RD-180 Flight Results

RD-180 is now Flight Proven

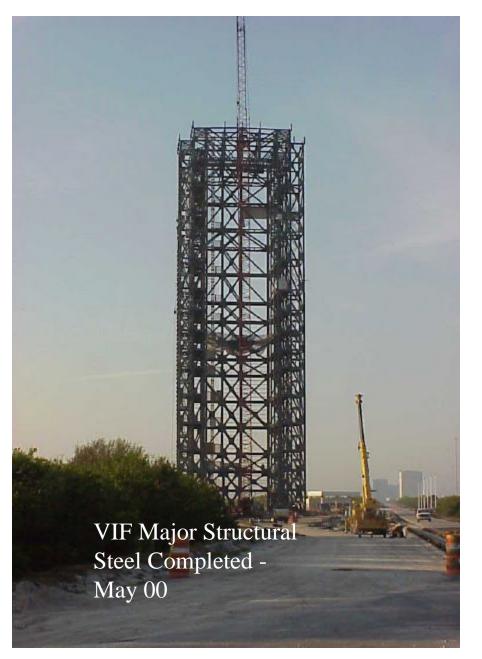
- ▶ Throttle Settings of 47% to 92.4% Utilized
 - Atlas V Averages 96%
- ▶ 182 seconds of Engine Run Time During AC-201 Mission
- ▶ All Active Commands and Functions for Flight Exercised: Health Check before release, Mixture Ratio and Thrust Control Valves, Thrust Vector Control Actuators, Solenoids.



RD-180 Performed Flawlessly

- Engine Throttle Profile Executed as Commanded (Throttle up after Pad Clear, Max Q Throttle, pre-BECO throttle down)
- ▶ Engine Temperature, Pressures, RPMs were all as Predicted

LC-41 Construction

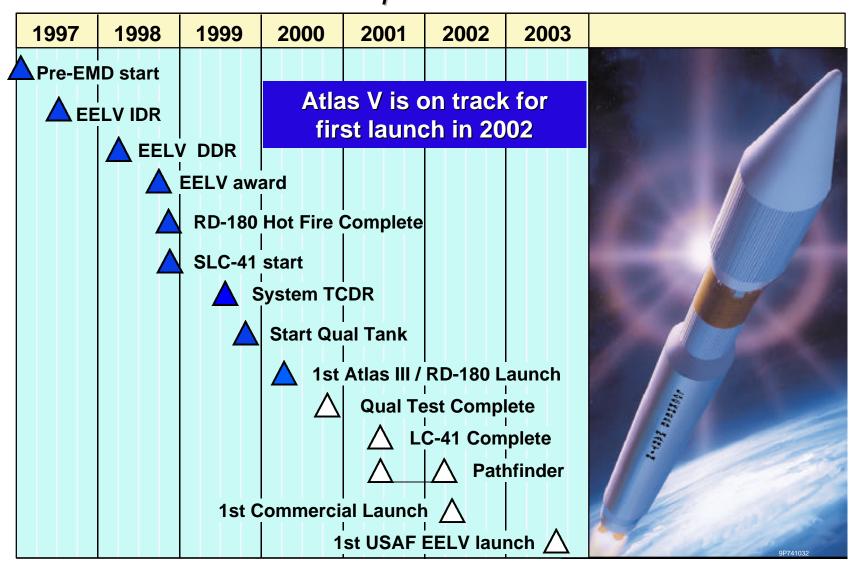




LC-41 Construction



Atlas V Development Schedule



Outline

- Program Overview
- Program Status
 - ▶ Delta IV
 - Atlas V
- **→** Restructure Summary

EELV Market Analysis Summary

1994 LNCH MOD PLN	1997 - 1998	JAT (Jan 00)	Today
Future med/heavy launch market dominated by government	Launch market dominated by commercial market; DoD 15-20% of market	Launch market dominated by commercial market; DoD 25-30% of market	Launch market dominated by commercial market; DoD 25-30% of market
Little potential in com'l market for growth or economy	Tremendous growth potential in commercial market	Strong GEO market cont. LEO market near-term decline; future uncertain	Strong GEO market cont. LEO market near-term decline; future uncertain
Declining launch demand due to defense reduction	Modest growth in defense launch demand	Modest growth in defense launch demand; slipping out	Modest growth in defense launch demand; slipping out
Multiple ELV families	Multiple ELV families	Multiple EELV families	Multiple EELV families
Conclusion: too many launch providers/production capacity	Conclusion: sufficient market to support two EELV concepts	Conclusion: market may support 2 EELV providers; world-wide supply exceeds demand; high com'l capture req'd	Conclusion: market may support 2 EELV providers; world-wide supply exceeds demand; high com'l capture req'd
Recommendation: reduce industrial overhead; downsize; reduce niche markets	Recommendation: Share development costs between Gov't and commercial	Recommendation: Refine current EELV strategy; evaluate ktr- recommended adjust	Recommendation: one provider at VAFB for all classes, two providers at Cape for all classes
Led to <u>single</u> EELV contractor developing a modular family of vehicles		Stiff competition will require good prices and maximum launch reliability	"Most Favored Customer" will ensure price competition on west coast

Program Office Observations

- Overall Launch Services Market has Declined ~ 7 to 10%
- Production cycle times have been reduced from 48 months to less than 12
- Satellite providers waiting longer to assign payloads to launch slots--balancing risk exposure versus revenue potential
- 1st to Market with a reliable system will determine market share

EELV Restructure Objectives

- Meet all operational requirements
- Minimize impact to heritage systems
- Maintain viable competition
- Balance equities
- Address Launch BAR and JAT recommendations

Lockheed Martin

- No West Coast Pad
- Completion of HLV
- Transfer of DMSP 17 & 18 to Boeing (west coast launches)
- Other Consideration

Boeing

- Complete HLV West Coast Pad
- Fly DMSP 17 & 18 missions
- Contingent for all LMA missions
- Operational Heavy Lift Demo
- Other Consideration

ORD Implications

(Capabilities Required)

- Para 4: EELV shall meet the threshold for key performance parameters while striving to meet the thresholds and objectives for all other requirements
- Key Performance Parameters
 - Mass to Orbit
 - ▶ Reliability
 - Design
 - Mission
 - Standardization
 - -Launch Pads
 - Payload Interface

ORD Implications

(Mass to Orbit)

Para 4.1.1 Reference Orbits

▶ LEO 17,000

▶ POLAR 1 4,400-7,000*

POLAR 2 41,000

▶ SEMI-SYNC 4,500-4,725

► GTO 6,100-8,500

▶ MOLNIYA 7,000

▶ GEO 13,500

^{*} Mission could be flown out of CCAS, range permitting

ORD Implications (Reliability)

Para 4.1.2 Vehicle Design Reliability

- ▶ Each EELV vehicle shall have a design reliability of at least 98%
- **NO CHANGE**
- Para 4.1.3 Mission Reliability
 - ▶ Spacelift system have a mission reliability of at least 97% for heavy missions and 97.5% for remaining missions
 - NO CHANGE

ORD Implications (Standardization)

Para 4.1.4.1 Launch Pads

- ▶ Launch pads that are required to support the EELV portion of the NMM shall be able to launch all configurations of EELV intended to be launched from that site
- **NO CHANGE**

Para 4.1.6 Payload Interfaces

- ▶ The EELV shall have a standard payload interface (both vehicle and ground) for each vehicle class in the EELV family
- **NO CHANGE**

Summary

• All objectives met:

- No change to operational requirements
- No impact to heritage systems
- Competition maintained across greater than 90% of National Launch Forecast
- Equities balanced via mission realignment and consideration